

## HE IS IN MONTREAL.

Agoncillo Gives his Version of his  
—Sudden Flight.

## EXPRESSES GREAT SURPRISE

At the Outbreak of his Countrymen.  
A Very Lame Story—Says he Could  
not Communicate with his Chief,  
Aguinaldo, While in Washington  
Owing to Censorship—Thinks the  
Filipinos did not Start the Conflict.

MONTREAL, Que., Feb. 6.—Agoncillo, the Filipino representative, arrived in Montreal to-day. Accompanied by his secretary, Senor Martin, he drove to the Windsor.

"I heard about Saturday's affair after leaving New York last night," Agoncillo said, "and it surprised me greatly. I had no idea affairs at Manila had reached such a critical stage—in fact, I considered that they were perhaps getting better. But I had no news from the Philippines."

"And you expect to receive it here?" he was asked.

"I do. The Washington authorities would not allow me to receive any cable messages. There is a censor at Manila and the use of codes is forbidden. I was completely in the dark, save for the advice I received by mail and what I learned from the newspapers. And the Philippines are a long ways off, you know, so that the mails are almost useless. Therefore we have come to Montreal where we will be enabled to receive the news we desire by cable. When I receive it I expect to return to Washington and continue my efforts to fulfill my mission in the United States."

"As to the affair of Saturday and Sunday, I do not regard it as ending the usefulness of my mission. From the bulletins received by the officials in Washington and from the Associated Press dispatches I gather that the fighting began suddenly and unexpectedly. I think that the Filipinos were goaded to come into it by some act of the Americans. For months they have been doing their best to drive the Filipinos into revolt. General Otis has sent men to search private residences, and the property of our people has been turned inside out in the search instituted by his orders. Acts like this have kept the spirit of the Filipinos at fever heat and made such affairs as that of Saturday and Sunday possible."

"A Washington dispatch states that you left that city because you knew that there would be fighting at Manila on Saturday evening."

Agoncillo smiled broadly. "Oh, no," he answered. "As I told you, I only learned of it after I had left New York last evening from a gentleman who got on between here and New York. If my cable service was so good that I could learn in advance when there was to be any developments I should be in Washington. I came to Montreal in order to receive the news which was not allowed to reach me in Washington. When I receive it—I do not know how soon or how long I will have to wait—it is my intention to return to New York."

"Do you think the United States senate will ratify the treaty to-day?"

"I cannot say. When I left Washington I knew that the friends of the treaty lacked two votes of the number necessary to ratify the treaty."

"One reason why the affair of Saturday surprised me is that I had sent the news to my people that the people of the United States were favorable to us in our desire for independence. The more I look at it the more I am convinced that the affair of Saturday was not the fault of the Filipinos."

"Do you consider that the fighting will result in securing the ratification of the treaty?"

"I cannot say. The Filipinos, I am sure, did not start it. I do not say that the Americans did so with the intention of influencing the vote in the senate. It may have started accidentally in the dark. I trust that it will not be as reported. I am expecting news from home. Until that comes I know as much concerning the present trouble as any other careful newspaper reader, and no more."

## Mistake of the Filipinos.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—The afternoon newspapers here agree that the Filipinos have made a fatal error, and they say they are convinced the Americans will not allow the trouble to influence their policy.

The Pall Mall Gazette says: "Aguinaldo and his merry men have not displayed a clear conception of the American character. We take it for granted that there will be no looking back now until America has plowed a Philippine furrow right through, although the job is likely to be long and troublesome."

The Globe says: "America's mistake has been in attempting to perform a big job with small means. Now that this has led to the customary consequences it may be safely assumed that the United States will place such an overpowering force in the field as to beat down any opposition."

## A Chicago Feud.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.—A feud of long standing that has existed between two sets of young men reached a climax at midnight last night, and a genuine battle was fought on West Fullerton avenue near High street. Nearly half a hundred men took part in the affair, and knives and clubs were freely used. Six men were badly injured and a dozen others received slight wounds. The seriously injured: Frank Simmerling, stabbed in back, condition very serious; John Bush, John Rehm, August Sanker, Victor Gunkel and John Runkoski. The police made a number of arrests.

## Postmasters and Pensions.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 6.—Postmasters have been appointed in West Virginia as follows:

Louisa C. Fowler, Altizer, Cathoon county; N. R. Strickling, Deep Valley, Taylor county; Edgar Travis, Fetterman, Taylor county; Robert Goerder, Grape Island, Pleasant county; George W. Hill, Macfarlan, Ritchie county; Henry Smith, Nestlow, Wayne county; H. D. Vineyard, Shambling's Mills, Roane county; Ida D. Ilne, Bird, Tyler county; J. M. Garrett, Marshville, Harrison



THE DUKE OF YORK'S WELCOME.

Prince George, Duke of York, is very proud of the fact that he has been selected by her majesty to welcome the American squadron next spring. "Sailor George" will have charge of thirteen powerful cruisers, and will personally command the flagship when the British squadron welcomes our white squadron.

county: Ida Barnes, Kenna, Jackson county.

Pensions have been granted to West Virginia applicants as follows:

Original—John Daniels, Clear Creek, \$3.

Renewal—John A. Barr, Triadelphia, \$6.

Increase—Austin M. Brown, Renick's Valley, \$3 to \$12; Joseph H. Martin, \$3 to \$10.

Widows—Sarah J. Jones, Rebecca Chase, Baxter, \$3.

Pension at the rate of \$10 per month has been granted, also, to John Beecraft, Washington, Pa.

## TWO TRAINS COLLIDE

With Fatal Results—Three Persons Killed and Many Injured.

IMLAY CITY, Mich., Feb. 6.—Chicago & Grand Rapids line passenger train No. 1, west-bound, plunged full speed into passenger train No. 6, east-bound, while the latter was standing at the station here to-day. The result of the crash was fatal and otherwise disastrous. The following were killed: Engineer Fairbank, of the west-bound train; Edward Held, of Lennox, Mich., mail clerk of west-bound train; Thomas Stewart, of Lansing, mail clerk of the east-bound train.

The injured: Engineer Mahan, of the east-bound train, several ribs broken; Burns, of Lansing, passenger on the east-bound train, leg broken; Ripley White, of Lansing, passenger on the east-bound train, ankle bruised.

Both trains were fast mail trains. The east-bound was standing near the station, waiting for the coming train to pass it, according to custom. The latter, instead of slackening and stopping, crashed into No. 6. The employees of the west-bound train and the passengers of the east-bound suffered the most. The locomotives were both badly wrecked and the mail cars are jammed across the tracks. All the passenger coaches remained on the track. Why the west-bound train failed to stop is yet unknown.

CURES croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles—monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil.

IT has been fully demonstrated that Ely's Cream Balm is a specific for Nasal Catarrh and cold in the head. This distinction has been achieved only as the result of continued successful use. A morbid condition of the membrane in the nasal passages can be cured by this purifying and healing treatment. Sold by druggists or it will be mailed for 50 cents by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York. It spreads over the membrane, is absorbed and relief is immediate.

## FINANCE AND TRADE.

The Features of the Money and Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—Money on call steady at 2½¢ per cent.; last loan, 2½¢ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 2½¢ per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$184½ for 60 days, and at \$183½ for 90 days for 60 days. Posted rates, \$184½ for 60 days; commercial bills, \$184½ for 60 days. Silver certificates, 50¢ per \$1. Bar silver, 50¢. Mexican dollars, 47¢.

Stock prices were extremely variable to-day, but ended with only fractional net changes, the majority of which were upward. Many conflicting reports reached the street as to probabilities of confirmation or rejection of the Spanish peace treaty, and these were instrumental in swaying values. The first effect of the uprising at Manila was distributing. Stocks opened below London parity, and there were soon material declines in a number of cases. Lake Erie & Western preferred dropped 3½, Southern Pacific 3½, and numerous other shares to the extent of a point or more. Tobacco ran off 2½ and later extended its declines to over 6 points on the announcement that a rival company had absorbed an important independent concern. London sold about 15,000 shares of stock. Traders bought on the decline and prices improved. Although dealings were much contracted compared with recent averages, prices rose above Saturday's closing. A number of high-priced stocks, including New York Central and Pennsylvania, together with the local traction and gas stocks were conspicuous in the recovery, as were Pacific Mail and Chicago Great Western preferred. Prices again fell off presently stop loss orders were reached in some cases, and commission houses sold freely. Twin City Rapid Transit dropped 4, while Sugar, Lead, People's Gas, Federal Steel and Omaha sagged to the lowest. Houses with Washington connections were watching narrowly with a view of getting some intimation by their dealings as to the treaty's chances, but no decided tendency one way or the other could be detected. Toward mid-day the market again worked upward, with

minor periods of depression, but gradually top figures were generally reached. The impression prevailed in some quarters that the outburst of the Philippines assured the treaty's ratification, and on the theory that the settlement of the uncertainty would be beneficial there was buying of stocks. On the other hand, many desired to reduce their commitments over night as a precautionary measure, and these contending interests gave the market its appearance of great irregularity. The feverishness which prevailed in the early dealings in a measure gradually disappeared as the day wore on, and the middle and low-priced stocks sympathized in the advancing of gilt-edged stocks. In the final dealings there were slight recessions from the best prices.

The bond market showed marked heaviness in the early transactions, but later improved in spots, closing irregular. Total sales, \$4,000,000.

U. S. old 4s coupon advanced ½ and do. registered and the 5s ¼ in the bid price.

Total sales of stocks to-day were 725,100 shares.

BONDS AND STOCK QUOTATIONS.

U. S. new 3s.....107½ Ore. R. & Nav. 45

U. S. new 4s reg. 128½ Pittsburgh.....21½

do coupon.....129 Reading.....21½

U. S. 4s.....112½ do first pref.....112½

do coupon.....113½ Rock Island.....113½

do second.....113½ St. Paul.....113½

U. S. 5s reg. 112½ do pref.....113½

do coupon.....113½ St. P. & Omaha.....113½

Atchafalpa.....113½ do pref.....113½

do preferred.....113½ Southern Pac.....113½

Bal. & Ohio.....70 Texas & Pac.....113½

Can. Pacific.....85 Union Pac.....113½

Can. Southern.....51½ do pref.....113½

Ches. & Ohio.....30 do pref.....113½

Chi. & Ariz.....112½ Wheel. & L. E.....112½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. G. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

Chic. & N. W.....112½ do pref.....113½

opened unchanged at 27½¢; sold at 27½¢, then firm up to 28¢ buyers at the close.

Provisions developed an easier tendency at the start on moderate selling of pork and ribs. Later, however, buying by large packing houses of England and Ireland, together with heavy purchases of pork by representatives of packing houses, brought about a recovery. May pork opened 2½¢ lower at \$10 02½; 10 05; rose to \$10 17½, and closed at \$10 15 to 10 17½. The range in lard and ribs was narrow.

Estimated receipts for Tuesday:  
Wheat, 205 cars; corn, 1,525 cars; oats, 550 cars; hogs, 30,000 head.

Articles	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat, No. 2	71½	72½	71½	72½
May	71½	72½	71½	72½
July	69½	70½	69½	70½
Corn, No. 2	65½	67½	65½	67½
May	65½	67½	65½	67½
July	37½	37½	37½	37½
Sept.	37½	37½	37½	37½
Oats, No. 2	27½	28	27½	28
May	27½	28	27½	28
July	26½	26½	26½	26½
Mess Pork	10 02½	10 17½	10 02½	10 17½
May	10 02½	10 17½	10 02½	10 17½
July	5 72½	5 75	5 70	5 72½
May	5 82½	5 90	5 80	5 82½
Sept.	5 92½	5 97½	5 92½	5 97½
Short Ribs	5 00	5 07½	5 00	5 07½
May	5 17½	5 20	5 17½	5 17½
Sept.	5 30	5 32½	5 30	5 32½

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour dull and weak.

Wheat—No. 2 spring 67¢60¢; No. 3 spring 63¢60¢; No. 2 red 71¢72¢.

Corn—No. 2, 35½¢; No. 2 yellow 35½¢@32½¢.

Oats—No. 2, 27½¢@27½¢; No. 2 white 30½¢@30½¢; No. 3 white 29½¢@30½¢.

Rye—No. 2, 50¢.

Barley—No. 2, 41¢@50¢.

Flaxseed—No. 1, \$1 14½; N. W. \$1 15½.

Timothyseed—Prime, \$2 40¢@2 42½.

Mess Pork—Per barrel \$9 95¢@10 00.

Lard—Per 100 lb, \$5 55¢@5 60.

Short Ribs—Slides (loose) \$1 75¢@1 95.

Dry salted shoulders (boxed) 44¢@45¢.

Short clean sides (boxed) \$5 05¢@5 15.

Whiskey—Distillers' finished goods, per gallon, \$1 25.

On the produce exchange to-day, the butter market was firm; creameries 15¢@18½¢; dairies 10½¢@16¢.

Eggs—Steady; fresh 16½¢.

Cheese—Steady; creams 9½¢@11¢.

NEW YORK—Receipts, 34,000 barrels; exports, 29,700 barrels; market quiet and weaker; Minnesota patents, \$3 90¢@4 1¢; winter patents, \$3 75¢@4 0¢; winter straight, \$3 50¢@3 60¢; winter extras, \$2 70¢@3 00¢.

Wheat, receipts, 69,000 bushels; exports, 23,500 bushels; spot market firm; No. 2 red, 82½¢ f. o. b. afloat to arrive; options opened weak; closed firm at 14½¢ net advance; March closed at 79½¢.

Corn, receipts, 22,400 bushels; exports, 12,000 bushels; spot market steady; receipts, 2,435,644 f. o. b. afloat for new and old; options closed firm at unchanged prices. May closed at 41½¢.

Oats, receipts, 105,000 bushels; exports, 22,000 bushels; spot market quiet; No. 2 white, 36¢; options dull.

Hops steady. Hides firm. Tallow steady. Rice—Molasses firm. Cottonseed oil moderately active.

Coffee, options opened steady, and closed quiet 5 points lower. Sales, 9,500 bags.

Sugar, raw, firm; refined, firm.

BALTIMORE—Flour dull and lower; receipts 16,000 barrels; exports 37,200 barrels. Wheat depressed and lower; spot and month 73½¢@74¢; March 74½¢@75¢; receipts 24,000 bushels; exports 16,000 bushels. Corn fairly steady; spot and month 39½¢@40¢; March 39½¢@40¢; receipts 185,000 bushels; exports 155,000 bushels. Oats firm; No. 2 white 35½¢@36¢; No. 2 mixed 33½¢@34¢; receipts 3,400 bushels; exports none. Butter steady; fancy creamery 20¢@21¢; do ladle 14¢; good ladle 13¢; store packed 11¢@12¢; rolls 12¢@1